

BEST PROBLEMS

Rassegna dei migliori problemi

diretta da Antonio Garofalo

Col sostegno dell'API (Associazione Problemistica Italiana)

Anno XXV - n. 100

4°/2021 - October

Hanno collaborato a questo numero:

Awani Kumar, Francesco Simoni

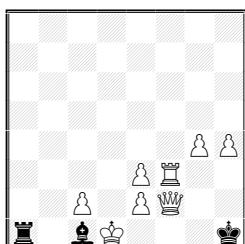
EDITORIALE

Welcome to Béla MAJOROS, Gabriel NEDEIANU for they first publication on Best Problems.

Siamo dunque arrivati al n.100, ovvero 25 anni di vita per questa rivista. E ancora troviamo Autori che pubblicano per la prima volta.

Un fascicolo pieno di affermazioni italiane, che sono sempre le benvenute. Ed un corposo verdetto del Giubileo Simoni-60, dove quasi tutti i lavori inviati in forma anonima sono stati inclusi nel verdetto, a riprova della loro qualità.

Ringrazio tutti coloro che si sono complimentati con me per il lavoro fatto in questi 25 anni, con l'aiuto di alcuni validi collaboratori, sia ben chiaro. [I thank all those who are complimented with me for the work done in these 25 years, with the help of some valid collaborators, be clear.]



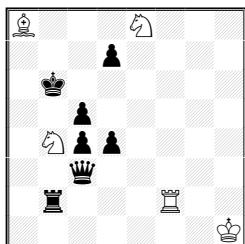
← Daniele Gatti - 4th Prize, Memorial Y. Tallec 2020

8/8/8/8/6PP/4PR2/2P1PQ2/r1bK3k

S≠15 (8+3) C+

1. $\mathbb{W}f1+$ $\mathbb{G}h2$ 2. $\mathbb{W}h3+$ $\mathbb{G}g1$ 3. $\mathbb{W}g3+$ $\mathbb{G}f2$ 4. $\mathbb{W}g2+$ $\mathbb{G}f1$ 5. $\mathbb{W}h2+$ $\mathbb{G}g1$ 6. $\mathbb{W}g3+$ $\mathbb{G}f1$ 7. $\mathbb{W}f3+$ $\mathbb{G}g1$ 8. $\mathbb{W}g2+$ $\mathbb{G}h1$ 9. $\mathbb{W}f2+$ $\mathbb{G}g1$ 10. $\mathbb{W}f1+$ $\mathbb{G}h2$ 11. $\mathbb{W}h1+$ $\mathbb{G}g3$ 12. $\mathbb{W}g1+$ $\mathbb{G}f2$ 13. $\mathbb{W}h2+$ $\mathbb{G}xe3$ 14. $\mathbb{W}e5+$ $\mathbb{G}f2$ 15. $\mathbb{W}c5+$ $\mathbb{G}e3\neq$

Une manoeuvre a priori originale où trois pièces «tournent» dans le petit carré f1-f3-h3-h1, la Tour blanche occupant en particulier les quatre cases noires de la «croix» f2-g1-h2-g3, afin de piloter le Roi noir vers e3 pour le final. Une trouvaille dans une position attrayante. (Judge: Michel Caillaud)



← Mario Parrinello - 1st Prize, TT.258 SuperProblem 2021

B3N3/3p4/1k6/2p5/1Npp4/2q5/1r3R2/7K

hs≠4 (5+7) C+ b) $\mathbb{G}a8 \rightarrow b8$

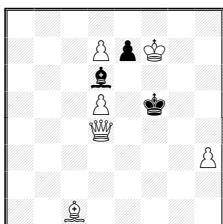
a) 1. $\mathbb{G}g2$ $\mathbb{W}d2$ ($\mathbb{W}c2?$) 2. $\mathbb{G}d5+$ $\mathbb{G}c6$ 3. $\mathbb{G}f3$ $\mathbb{G}xd5$ 4. $\mathbb{G}e3+$ $\mathbb{W}xg2\ddagger$

b) 1. $\mathbb{G}h2$ $\mathbb{W}c2$ ($\mathbb{W}d2?$) 2. $\mathbb{G}d6$ $\mathbb{G}c7$ 3. $\mathbb{G}f4$ $\mathbb{G}xd6$ 4. $\mathbb{G}e4+$ $\mathbb{W}xh2\ddagger$

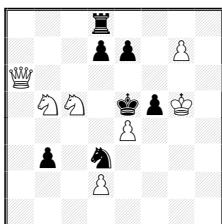
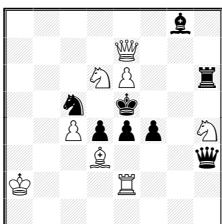
The best problem in the TT. Full analogy in the play. Ideal construction – Meredith without White Pawns. Indian theme in creation of White batteries, dual avoidances in moves of Black Queen. (Judge: Velko Alexandrov)

Inediti**4644. E. Abdullayev**

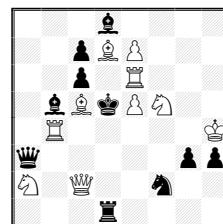
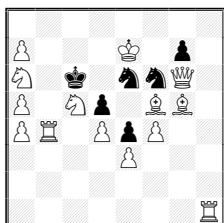
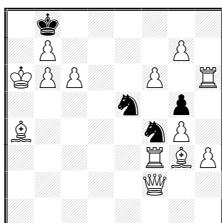
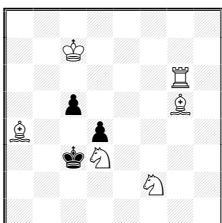
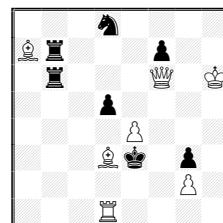
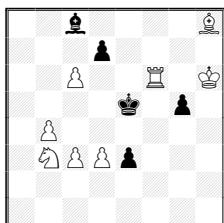
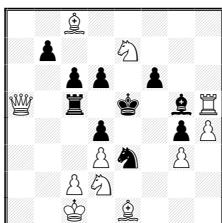
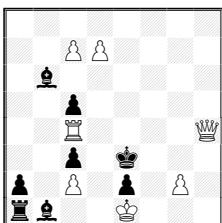
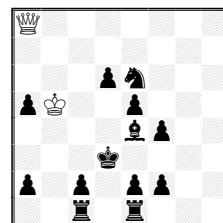
Azerbaijan

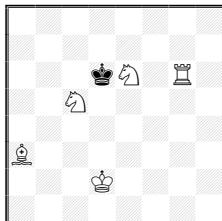
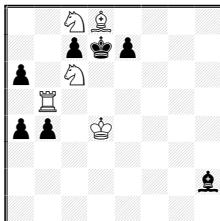
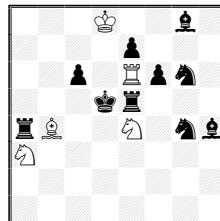
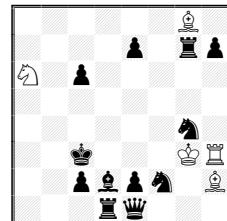
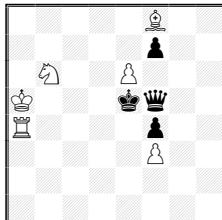
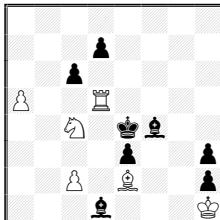
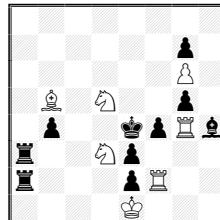
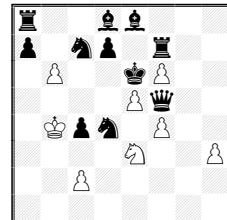
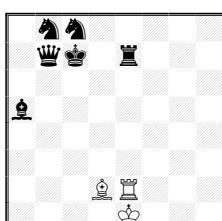
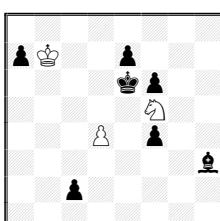
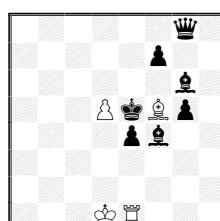
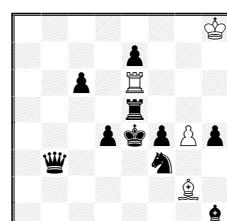


$\neq 2^*$ v (6+3) C+
b) $\Delta h3-c7$

4645. M. UrisVersione del 4592,
BP99 - Spagna $\neq 2^*$ vvv (7+7) C+**4646. L. Makaronez**after B. Colaneri, 4484,
BP97 - Israele $\neq 2^*$ (8+8) C+**4647 – M. Svitek**

Rep. Ceca

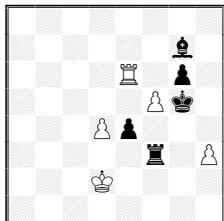
 $\neq 2^*$ v (10+10) C+**4648. G. Maleika**
Germania**4649. G. Maleika**
Germania**4650. S.B. Dowd**
USA**4651. L. Makaronez**
After F. Magini no.
4534, BP98 - Israele $=2$ vv (14+6) C+ $=2$ vv (13+4) C+ $\neq 3$ v (6+3) C+ $\neq 3$ (7+7) C+**4652. Z. Labai**
Slovacchia**4653. J.A. Garzon**
Spagna**4654. V. Koci**
Rep. Ceca**4655. D. Gatti**
Italia $\neq 3^*$ (8+5) C+ $\neq 3^*$ (11+10) C+ $S\neq 2$ (7+8) C+ $H\neq 2$ (2+13) C+
4 sol. $\neq 2$, (also stalemates); n. 4644-4649 (Judge 2021-2022: NN). $\neq 3$, (also stalemates); n. 4650-4653 (Judge 2020-2021: Antonio Garofalo). $S\neq 2/3$, (also stalemates); n. 4654 (Judge 2021-2023: Antonio Garofalo)

4656. J. Carf
FranciaH≠2 (5+1) C+
2 sol.4657. D. Grinchenko
UcrainaH≠2 (5+7) C+
2 sol.4658. D. Grinchenko
UcrainaH≠2 (5+10) C+
2 sol.4659. J.M. Kapros
ArgentinaH≠2 (5+12) C+
b) ♔c3-d64660. M. Witztum
Israele4661. Z. Labai
Slovacchia4662. M. Vasyuchko
& M. Chernyavsky
Ucraina4663. J. Csak &
G. Tar - UngheriaH≠2 (6+4) C+
b) -▲f4, c) ♕b6-c34664. B. Majoros
UngheriaH≠2 (6+8) C+
b) -▲e3, c) ♕e4-a64665. J. Lozek
& E. Klemanic
SlovacchiaH≠2 (7+10) C+
2 sol.4666. A.V. Ivunin
& A. Pankratiev
RussiaH≠2 (8+11) C+
4 sol.4667. C.J.A. Jones
InghilterraH≠2,5 (3+6) C+
b) ♖b7-d8H≠3 (3+7) C+
b) ♖h3H≠3 (4+7) C+
2 sol.H≠3 (4+10) C+
b) ▲f4-d3

H≠2, (also stalemates); n. 4655-4663 (Judge 2020-2021: NN).

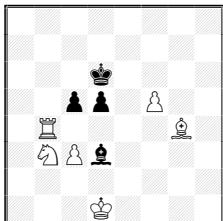
H≠2,5/H≠3, (also stalemates); n. 4664-4670 (Judge 2020-2021: NN).

4668. V. Rallo
Italia



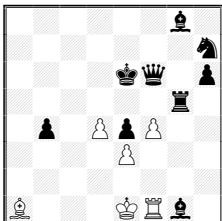
H≠2,5* (5+5) C+
1*, 2 sol.

4669. V. Rallo
Italia



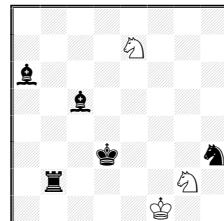
H≠2,5 (6+4) C+
3 sol.

4670. A. Pankratiev
Russia



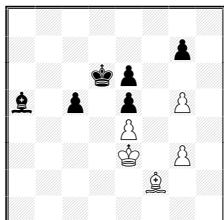
H≠3 (6+9) C+
2 sol.

4671. V. Barsukov
Russia



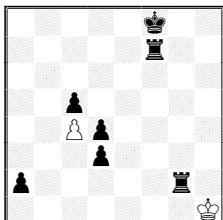
H≠3,5 (3+5) C+
b) ♜g2-b6
c) ♜e7-g1

4672. A. Bidlen
Slovacchia



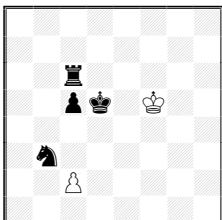
H≠4 (5+6) C+
2 sol.

4673. F. Magini
Italia



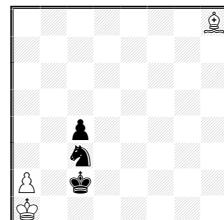
H≠5 (2+7) C+
1 sol.

4674. A. Kirichenko & A. Pankratiev
Russia



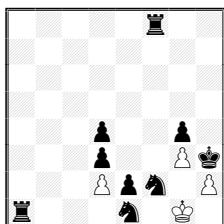
H≠5,5 (2+4) C+
2 sol.

4675. Z. Mihajloski
Macedonia



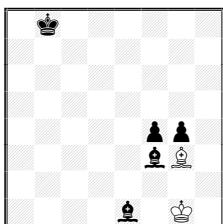
H≠6 (3+3) C+
1 sol.

4676. J.M. Kapros
Argentina



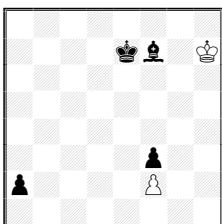
H=6 (4+9) C+
1 sol.

4677. J. Carf
Francia



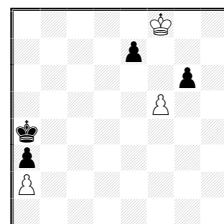
H≠6,5 (2+5) C+
1 sol.

4678. A. Kirichenko & A. Pankratiev
Russia



H≠7 (2+4) C+
1 sol.

4679. M. Uris
Spagna

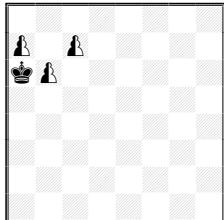


H≠4 (3+4) C+
1 sol. Circe Parrain

H≠2,5/H≠3, (also stalemates); n. 4664-4670 (Judge 2020-2021: NN).

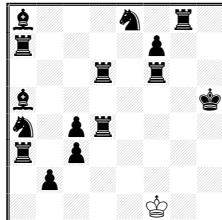
H≠n, (also stalemates); n. 4671-4678 (Judge 2020-2021: A. Garofalo).

4680. M. Grushko
Israele



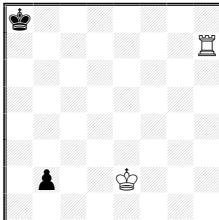
sh≠10 (0+1+3) C+
Alphabetic chess
Chameleon, Circe clone
Take & Make

4681. D. Gatti
Italia



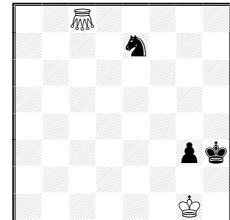
sd≠55 (1+15) C+
Anticirce

4682. R. Kohring
Germania



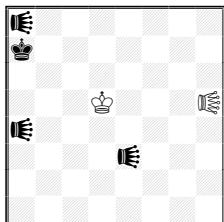
sh=17 (2+2) C+
Alphabetic chess

4683. G. Nedeanu
Romania

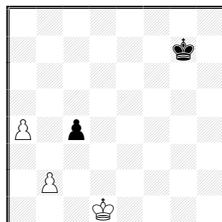


H≠2 (2+3) C+
2 sol. Sentinels
≡=Grasshopper+
Kangaroo

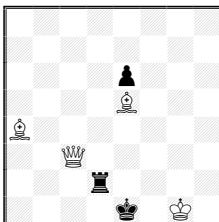
4684. R. Kohring
Germania



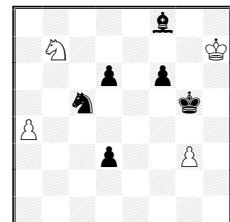
4685. G. Jordan
Germania



4686. I. Bryukhanov
Ucraina



4687. M. Uris
Spagna



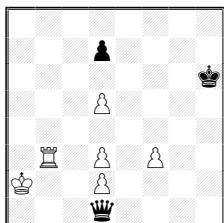
sh≠10 (2+4) C+
≡≡=Double-Grass-
hopper

hs≠9,5 (3+2) C+

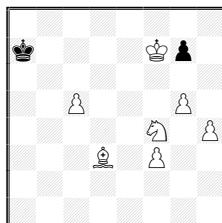
S≠7 (4+3) C+
Circe

H≠3 (4+6) C+
b) $\triangleleft b7-e5$
Circe Parrain

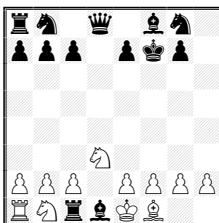
4688. P. Piet
Francia



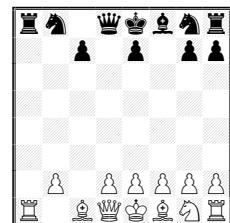
4689. L. Kekely
Slovacchia



4690. H. Grudzinski
Polonia



4691. H. Nieuwhart
Olanda



sh≠17 (6+3) C+

Ser-hs+20 (7+2) C+
(see solution)

SPG 8.5, (12+13)
Einstein

SPG 6.0 (13+11)
Take & Make

Fairies n. 4679–4691 (Judge 2021: NN).

Note agli inediti (Fairy elements)

sh = Problema aiutomatto a serie (Serie helpmate/helpstalemate).

hs = helpselfmate.

sd = Problemi diretti a serie (Serie direct)

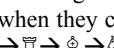
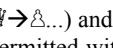
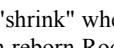
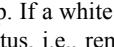
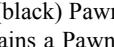
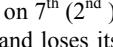
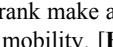
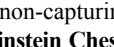
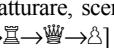
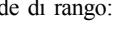
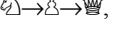
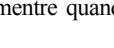
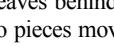
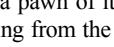
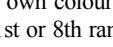
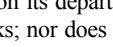
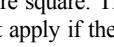
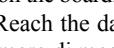
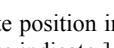
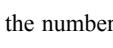
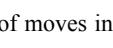
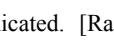
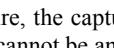
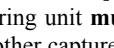
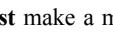
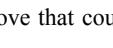
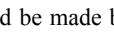
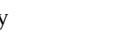
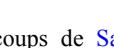
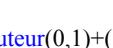
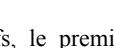
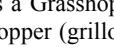
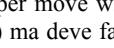
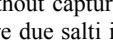
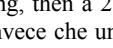
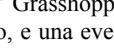
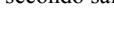
- **Alphabetic Chess (Alphabétiques):** Each move of either side must be by the piece occupying the first square in the order of a1, a2, a3...b1, b2, b3...c1, c2, c3... etc., which is able to make a legal move. Castling is permitted if the King has the right to make a legal alphabetical move, provided the usual other rules for that move are obeyed.

- **Anticirce:** On making a capture, any unit (including K) is reborn on its game-array square (as determined according to **Circe** rules), and the captured unit disappears. Since rebirth is obligatory, a capture is legal only if the relevant rebirth-square is unoccupied. A capture may be made from a rebirth-square. Promotion with capture is legal provided the rebirth-square of the promoted unit is unoccupied. In **Anti-Circe type Calvet** capture on a rebirth-square is allowed (it is default type if type is omitted). In **Anti-Circe type Cheylan** capture on a rebirth-square is not allowed.

- **Circe:** When captured, a piece (other than King) is reborn on its game-array square. Rook, Bishop and Knight are reborn on the square that is the same color as the square of the capture, Pawns on the file of the capture. If the game-array square is occupied, the captured piece disappears, as in a normal capture. Castling is permitted with a rebom Rook. Fairy pieces are regarded as being the result of promotion and so are reborn ori the promotion-square ori the file of the capture.

- **Circe Clone:** A captured unit, when reborn (see **Circe**), takes the form of the capturing unit, e.g. QxS: Knight reborn as Queen on Queen's game-array square.

- **Circe Parrain** - After a capture, the captured piece is reborn only after another piece of its own side has moved. The line between capturing square and rebirth square is parallel with and of same direction and length as the move of this other piece. Pawns can be rebom on 1st and 8th rank. From their own base rank, they may move one-step; if reborn on the promotion rank, the Pawn at once promotes, the promotion piece being determined by the Pawn side.

- **Einstein Chess:** Units "grow" when they capture ( →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  →  → 

- **Double-Grasshopper:** Doit effectuer 2 coups de Sauteur(0,1)+(1,1) successifs, le premier n'étant pas une capture. – Makes a Grasshopper move without capturing, then a 2nd Grasshopper move. – [Muove come il Grasshopper (grillo) ma deve fare due salti invece che uno, e una even-tuale cattura può avvenire solo al secondo salto.]

- **Chameleon:** On completing a move, a Chameleon changes into another piece, in the sequence $\text{Q} \rightarrow \text{B} \rightarrow \text{K} \rightarrow \text{Q}$...
- **Grasshopper+Kangaroo:** **Grasshopper:** moves along Queen-lines over another unit of either colour to the square immediately beyond that unit. A capture may be made on arrival, but the hurdle is not affected. **Kangaroo:** moves along Queen-lines over two units of either colour to the square immediately beyond the further unit. A capture may be made on the arrival square, but the hurdles are not affected.

Soluzioni Inediti

Fascicolo n. 100

Commenti degli autori e del redattore.

4644. (#2, Elmar Abdullayev)

8/3PpK2/3b4/3P1k2/3Q4/7P/8/2B5

a) 1...e5 2. Qg4\#

1. Qe3! [2. Qe6\#] 1... Qe5 2. Qd3\# 1... e5 2. Qf3\# 1... Qf4 2. Qxf4\#

b) 1.c8= Q? [2. Qc2\#] 1... e5 2. d8\# 1... Qf4 2. Qxf4\# 1... Qc5 2. Qf4\# ma 1... Qc7!

1.c8= Q! tempo

1... Qe5 2. Qxe7\# 1... e5 2. Qxd6\# 1... Qh2 2. Qxe7\# 1... Qa3 2. Qf4\# 1... e6 2. Qxd6\#

Pickabish nel gemello a), cambi di matti fra i due gemelli.

4645. (#2, Miguel Uris)

3r4/3pp1P1/Q7/1SS1kpK1/4P3/1p1s4/3P4/8

1... e6 a 2. Qd6\# A 1... d5 2. Qe6\# 1... Qh8 2. gxh8=Q\# 1... Q~2.d4\#

1. Qc6? [2. Qd5 , Qxd3\#] 1... $\text{e6 a 2. Qd6\# A, Qxd3\# B}$ ma 1... dxcc6!

1. Qb7! [2. Qd5\#]

1... e6 a 2. Qxd3\# B 1... d5 x 2. Qxe7\# Y 1... fxe4 2. Qxe4\# 1... Q~2.d4\#

1. Qa4? [2. Qd4\#] 1... Qb4 2. d4\# ma 1... Qxc5!

1. Qg6? [2. Qxf5\#] 1... e6 2. Qf6\# ma 1... Qf8!

Changed mates, Mäkihovi (Author).

Non Ellerman-Mäkihovi, ma solo Mäkihovi. Schema: a A, a AB, a B

4646. (#2, Leonid Makaronez)

6b1/4Q3/3SP2r/2s1k3/2Pppp1S/3B3q/K3R3/8

1... Qxe6 a 2. Qg6\# A 1... Qxe6 b 2. Qf3\# B 1... Qb7 c 2. Qxe4\# C 1... Qxe6 2. Qf7\#

1. Qxe4! [2. Qd6\#]

1... Qxe6 a 2. Qxc5\# D 1... Qxe6 b 2. Qxc5\# E 1... Qb7 c 2. Qg3\# A 1... Qxe4 2. Qxe4\# C

1... Qxh4 2. Qf6\# 1... Qxh4 2. Qxc5\#

Correzione nera, matti cambiati, chiave di sacrificio.

4647. (#2, Miroslav Sviták)

3b4/2pBP3/2p1R3/1bBkPS2/1R5K/q5pp/S1Q2s2/3r4

1... Qa7 2. Qe3\# X

1. Qa7? [2. Qc5\#] ma 1... Qxa7!

1. Qe3! [2. Qc5\#] 1... Qa7 2. Qc3\# Y

1... Qd4+ AB 2. Qxd4\# 1... Qc4 BC 2. Qxc4\# 1... Qc3 CD 2. Qxc3\# 1... $\text{Qxe7+ DA 2. Qxe7\#}$

1... Qxe3 DE 2. Qxe3\#

1... Qd3 2. Qd4\# 1... Qe4 2. Qxe4\# 1... Qc1 2. Qd4\# 1... Qc1 2. Qc3\# 1... Qxb4+ 2. Qxb4\#

Cyclic pairs of four defensive motives AB-BC-CD-DA

Spiral pairs of five defensive motifs AB-BC-CD-DE, changed mate

A – checking

B – creating flight by line interference

C – interference of threat unit's line

D – direct guard of the threat square

E – creating flight by capture (Author).

4648. (=2, Gerhard Maleika)

8/P3K1p1/S1k1ssQ1/P1Sp1BB1/PR1PpP2/4P3/8/7R

1. $\mathbb{Q}h8?$ tempo

1... $\mathbb{Q}c7$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}c8=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}d8$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xd8=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}e8$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xe8=$

1... $\mathbb{Q}f8$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xf8=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}g8+$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xg8=$ ma 1... $\mathbb{Q}xc5!$

1. $\mathbb{Q}b8?$ tempo

1... $\mathbb{Q}c7$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}c8=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}d8$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xd8=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}e8$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xe8=$

1... $\mathbb{Q}f8$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xf8=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}g8+$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xg8=$ ma 1... $\mathbb{Q}xd4!$

1.a8= $\mathbb{Q}!$ tempo

1... $\mathbb{Q}c7$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}c8=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}d8$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xd8=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}e8$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xe8=$

1... $\mathbb{Q}f8$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xf8=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}g8+$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xg8=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}xc5$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}c1=$

1... $\mathbb{Q}xd4$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xd4=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}xf4$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xf4=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}xg5$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}fxg5=$

1... $\mathbb{Q}g4$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xg4=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}h5$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xh5=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}d7$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xd7=$

1... $\mathbb{Q}h7$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xh7=$ 3x5-Pattwechsel (Author).

4649. (=2, Gerhard Maleika)

1k6/1P4P1/KPP2P1R/4s1p1/B4sP1/5RBP/5Q2/8

1. $\mathbb{Q}a2?$ tempo

1... $\mathbb{Q}c4$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xc4=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}d5$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xd5=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}e6$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xe6=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}f7$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xf7=$ ma 1... $\mathbb{Q}xf3!$

1. $\mathbb{Q}b3?$ tempo

1... $\mathbb{Q}c4$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xc4=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}d5$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xd5=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}e6$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xe6=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}f7$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xf7=$ ma 1... $\mathbb{Q}xc6!$

1.g8= $\mathbb{Q}!$ tempo

1... $\mathbb{Q}c4$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xc4=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}d5$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xd5=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}e6$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xe6=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}f7$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xf7=$

1... $\mathbb{Q}e2$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xe2=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}g2$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xg2=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}fd3$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xd3=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}xh3$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xh3=$

1... $\mathbb{Q}h5$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xh5=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}fg6$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xg6=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}ed3$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xd3=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}xf3$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xf3=$

1... $\mathbb{Q}xg4$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}hxg4=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}xc6$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xc6=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}eg6$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xg6=$ 1... $\mathbb{Q}d7$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}cd7=$

4650. (#3, Steven B. Dowd)

8/2K5/6R1/2p3B1/B2p4/2kS4/5S2/8

1. $\mathbb{Q}c6?$ [2. $\mathbb{Q}xc5\ddagger$] ma 1... c4!

1. $\mathbb{Q}b6!$ tempo

1... $\mathbb{Q}c4$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}b5$ [3. $\mathbb{Q}xc5\ddagger$] $\mathbb{Q}c3$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}xc5\ddagger$ 2... $\mathbb{Q}d5$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}b3\ddagger$

1... c4 2. $\mathbb{Q}b3$ $\mathbb{Q}xb3$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}c6\ddagger$ 2... $\mathbb{Q}xd3$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}d1\ddagger$

4651. (#3, Leonid Makaronez)

After F. Magini no. 4534 BP98, April 2021

3s4/Br3p2/1r3Q1K/3p4/4P3/3Bk1p1/6P1/3R4

1.exd5! [2. $\mathbb{Q}g6$ [3. $\mathbb{Q}f3\ddagger$] $\mathbb{Q}e2$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}f3\ddagger$]

1... $\mathbb{Q}c6$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}g5$ [3. $\mathbb{Q}f4\ddagger$]

1... $\mathbb{Q}e6$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}e5+$ $\mathbb{Q}f2$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}e2\ddagger$

1... $\mathbb{Q}xa7$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xb6+$ $\mathbb{Q}f4$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}d4\ddagger$

4652. (#3, Zoltán Labai)

2b4B/3p4/2P2R1K/4k1p1/1P6/1SPPp3/8/8

1...d5 2.d4+ ♜e4 3.¤c5‡

1.¤d4! [2.¤f3+ A ♜d5 3.c4‡ B]

1...¤d5 2.c4+ B ♜e5 3.¤f3‡ A 2...¤xd4 3.¤d6‡

1...¤a6 2.¤f7+ ♜d5 / ♜d6 3.¤xd7‡

1...g4 2.¤e6+ ♜f4 3.¤e5‡ 2...¤d5 3.c4‡

Scambio fra 2^a e 3^a mossa bianca; Batteria di Siers.**4653. (#3, José Antonio Garzon)**

2B5/1p2S3/2pp1p2/Q1r1k1bR/3p2pP/3Ps1P1/2PS4/2K1B3

1...¤c4 2.¤g6+ ♜d5 3.dxc4‡

1.c4! [2.¤g6‡]

1...dxc3 e.p. 2.¤f3+ gxf3 3.¤xc3‡

1...¤xc4 2.¤g6+ ♜d5 3.dxc4‡

1...f5 2.hxg5 [3.¤g6‡] ¤xc4 3.¤xc4‡ 2...d5 3.¤c7‡

Author's comment:

*1...Sc4 2.Sg6+ Kd5 3.dxc4‡ 1.c4! [2.Sg6‡]

1...dxc3 e.p. 2.Sf3+ gxf3 **3.Bc3‡** (Pacioli's mate; bishop)1...Sxc4 2.Sg6+ Kd5 **3.dxc4‡** (Pacioli's mate; pawn)1...f5 2.hxg5 [3.Sg6‡] Sxc4 **3.Sxe4‡** (Pacioli's mate; knight) 2...d5 3.Qc7#

Pacioli's mate image (x3, Knight, Bishop and pawn)

Pacioli/Pelle move (key) — Pin-mate (x3)

Author's note: The first examples of mate with a pinned piece are by Luca Pacioli (c.1445-1517).

More information in my article: «Luca Pacioli, padre del movimento Pelle». Sinfonie

Scacchistiche, 131, Gennaio-Marzo, 2018, pp. 217-220.

4654. (S≠2, Vladimír Koci)

8/2PP4/1b6/2p5/2R4Q/2p1k3/p1P1p1P1/rb2K3

1.c8=¤! [2.¤xb6 ¤xc2‡]

1...¤a5 2.¤xc3+ ¤xc3‡ 1...¤c7 2.¤g3+ ¤xg3‡

1...¤d8 2.¤xd8 ¤xc2‡ 1...¤a7 2.¤xa7 ¤xc2‡

4655. (H≠2, Daniele Gatti)

Q7/8/3pn3/pK2p3/4bp2/3k4/p1p1pp2/2r1r3

1.¤c3 ¤xa5+ 2.¤b3 ¤b4‡ 1.¤d4 ¤c8 2.¤d5 ¤c4‡

1.¤e3 ¤h8 2.¤f3 ¤h3‡ 1.¤d2 ¤xe4 2.¤d1 ¤d3‡

Extended Cross of bK in 4 straight lines. Azemmour 7 Theme (White monopoly + Black monopoly). Non è stato trovato un precedente con Grande Croce di Re con i bracci completamente ortogonali (Author).

4656. (H≠2, Jean Carf)

8/8/3kS1R1/2S5/8/B7/3K4/8

1.¤d5 ¤c7+ 2.¤c4 ¤g4‡ 1.¤e5 ¤b2+ 2.¤f5 ¤g5‡

4657. (H≠2, Dmitry Grinchenko)

2SB4/2pkp3/p1S5/1R6/pp1K4/8/7b/8

1.¤xc8 ¤e5 2.¤xd8 ¤b8‡ 1.¤xc6 ¤xc7 2.¤xb5 ¤a7‡

Annihilation, Zilahi (passive, RS, 2) (Author).

4658. (H≠2, Dmitry Grinchenko)

3K2b1/4p3/2p1Rp3/1kr3/rB2S1sb/S7/8/8

1.¤xe6 ¤xe7 2.¤d4 ¤c3‡ 1.¤xe4 ¤xc6 2.e5 ¤d6‡

Blocking piece replacement (bR-bP); Chumakov theme (p-p, simplified, 2, 2); Exchange of functions (wSe4/wRe6, Captured / Mate); Zilahi (passive, RS, 2) (Author)

4659. (H≠2, Jorge M. Kapros)

6B1/4p1rp/S1p5/8/6s1/2k3KR/2pbps1B/3rq3

- a) 1. ♜e5+ (1. ♜d3+?) ♖h4+ 2. ♜ed3 ♖e5†
- b) 1. ♜d3+ (1. ♜e5+?) ♖g2+ 2. ♜de5 ♖d3†

4660. (H≠2, Menachem Witztum)

5B2/5p2/1S2P3/K3kq2/R4p2/5P2/8/

- a) 1. ♖e4 fxe4 2. fxe6 ♜d7† b) 1. ♖xe6 ♖e7 2. f5 f4† c) 1. ♖g4 fxg4 2. f6 ♖e4†

4661. (H≠2, Zoltán Labai)

8/3p4/2p5/P2R4/2S1kb2/4p2p/2P1B2p/3b3K

- a) 1. ♖g3 ♜d6+ A 2. ♖f4 ♖f5† B
- b) 1. ♖e3 ♖f5 B 2. ♖d4 ♖d3† C
- c) 1. ♖b8 ♖d3 C 2. ♖a7 ♜d6† A

Cycle AB-BC-CA of white moves (Author)

4662. (H≠2, Mikola Vasyuchko & Mikola Chernyavsky)

8/6p1/6P1/1B1S2p1/1p2kpRb/r2Sp3/r3pR2/4K3

- 1. ♖d2 ♜3xf4 2. ♖xd5 ♜d3† 1. ♖xd3 ♜xf4 2. ♖d5 ♜d3† Zilahi, Klasinc

4663. (H≠2, Janos Csak & Gábor Tar)

r2bb3/p1sp1r2/1P2kP2/4Pq2/1Kps1P2/4S2P/2P5/8

- 1. ♖g4 hxg4 2. ♜f5 gxf5† 1.d5 ♜xf5 2. ♖d7 ♜xd4†
- 1. ♜d5+ ♜xd5 2. ♖c7 ♖xc7† 1.a6 bxc7 2. ♖a7 cxd8=♕†

Sacrifice by bQf5 and bSd4

1.Qf5-g4 h3xg4 2.Sd4-f5 g4xf5≠ model mate

active active

1.d7-d5 Se3xf5 2.Be8-d7 Sf5xd4≠ model mate

passive passive

Sacrifice by bSc7 and bBd8

1.Sc7-d5+ Se3xd5 2.Bd8-c7 Sd5xc7≠ model mate

active active

1.a7-a6 b6xc7 2.Ra8-a7 c7xd8=S≠

passive passive

Theme: in one phase (set play, twin, solution) every of two or more Black thematic pieces is sacrificed actively, in another phase - passively. (Authors).

4664. (H≠2.5, Béla Majoros)

1ss5/1qk1r3/8/b7/8/3BR3/4K3

- a) 1... ♖c3 2. ♖d7 ♖c2 3. ♜d6 ♖xa5† b) 1... ♖e5 2. ♖b6 ♖f4 3. ♜c6 ♖xe7†

4665. (H≠3, Jozef Lozek & Emil Klemanic)

8/pK2p3/4kp2/5S2/3P1p2/7b/2p5/8

- a) 1. ♖g4 ♖c7 2. ♖h5 ♖c6 3. ♖f7 ♖g7† b) 1. ♖d5 ♖g4 2.e5 ♖h5 3.e4 ♖f7†

Chromatic twins and model mates in Meredith and the theme Andra.

It is a Swedish theme and in English it means the first. A repeating moves in b) solution of black moves in a) solution. (Authors)

4666. (H≠3, Alexei V. Ivunin & Alexandre Pankratiev)

6q1/5p2/6b1/3PkBp1/4pb2/8/8/3KR3

- 1.f6 ♖xe4 2. ♖xd5+ ♖xd5+ 3. ♖f5 ♖e6†

1. ♖g7 ♖xg6 2.f5 ♖xe4+ 3. ♖f6 ♖e6† Black sacrifice.

4667. (H≠3, Christopher J.A. Jones)

- 7K/4p3/2p1R3/4r3/3pkpPp/1q3s2/6B1/7b
 a) 1. ♕e3 ♖f1 2. ♔e1 ♖b5 3. ♔d3 ♖xc6‡
 b) 1. ♕d5 ♖xc6 2. ♖f5 ♖c1 3. ♖f4 ♖e1‡

4668. (H≠2.5, Vito Rallo)

- 8/6b1/4R1p1/5Pk1/3Pp3/5r1P/3K4/8
 1... ♖e7 2. ♔h5 ♖xg7 3. g5 ♖h7‡
 1... f6 2. ♖xf6 ♕e3 3. ♔f5 ♖e5‡
 1... ♕e2 2. ♖xf5 ♖xg6+ 3. ♔f4 ♖g4‡

4669. (H≠2.5, Vito Rallo)

- 8/8/3k4/2pp1P2/1R4B1/1SPb4/8/3K4
 1... ♖h5 2. ♕e7 f6+ 3. ♔f8 ♖b8‡
 1... ♖xc5 2.d4 ♖xd4+ 3. ♔e5 ♖d7‡
 1... ♖d4 2.c4 ♖b6+ 3. ♔c5 ♖c6‡

4670. (H≠3, Alexandre Pankratiev)

- 6b1/7s/4kq1p/6r1/1p1PpP2/4P3/8/B3KRb1
 1. ♖xd4 fxg5 2. ♕e5 ♖f6 3. ♖d5 ♖xd4‡
 1. ♖xf4 d5+ 2. ♕f5 ♖f6 3. ♖g6 ♖xf4‡

Exchange of functions (wBa1/wRf1, Mate / Guard); Helledie theme; Orthogonal-diagonal transformation (Author).

4671. (H≠3.5, Valery Barsukov)

- 8/4S3/b7/2b5/8/3k3s/1r4S1/5K2

- a) 1... ♖f5 2. ♖f2 ♕g1 3. ♔e2 ♖h2 4. ♖f1 ♖g3‡
 b) 1... ♖c4 2. ♖d4 ♖d2 3. ♔e3+ ♔e1 4. ♖d3 ♖d5‡
 c) 1... ♖e3 2. ♖d2+ ♖g2 3. ♔e1+ ♖g3 4. ♖e2 ♖f3‡

An engraving in "the aristocrat" model mates, with all the white figures involved (Author).

4672. (H≠4, Anton Bidlen)

- 8/6p1/3kp3/b1p1p1P1/4P3/4K1P1/5B2/8
 1. ♖d2+ ♖d3 2. ♖f4 gxf4 3.g6 fxe5+ 4. ♖xe5 ♖g3‡
 1. ♖d8 g6 2. ♖h4 gxh4 3. ♖e7 h5 4. ♖f6 ♖h4‡

Thematic content: Active sacrifice (black); Active sacrifice (white); Ambush; Kniest theme; Tempo move; Model mate (Author).

4673. (H≠5, Fabio Magini)

- 5k2/5r2/8/2p5/2Pp4/3p4/p5r1/7K

1. ♖g5 ♖h2 2. ♖d5 cxd5 3.a1=♖ d6 4. ♖g1 d7 5. ♖gg7 d8=♕‡

Black Bristol; Black Sacrifice; Phenix.

4674. (5.5, Anatoly Kirichenko & Alexandre Pankratiev)

- 8/8/2r5/2pk1K2/8/1n6/2P5/8

- 1...c3 2. ♖d4+ cxd4 3. ♔c4 d5 4. ♖d4 d6 5. ♖d5 d7 6. ♖d6 d8=♕‡
 1...cxh3 2. ♖a6 b4 3. ♔c6 bxc5 4. ♖b7 c6+ 5. ♔a8 c7 6. ♖a7 c8=♕‡

Klasinc, Excelsior.

4675. (H≠6, Zlatko Mihajloski)

- 7B/8/8/2p5/2n5/P1k5/K7

1. ♖xa2 ♖b2 2. ♖b3 ♖b1 3. ♖c3+ ♔c1 4. ♖a2 ♖a3 5. ♖a1 ♖c2 6. ♖a2 ♖b2‡
- Kozhakin; Klasinc; Switchback (Author).

4676. (H=6, Jorge M. Kapros)

5r2/8/8/3p2p1/3p2Pk/3Ppn1P/r3n1K1

1. ♕f3+ ♕xf2 2.e1=+= ♕f1 3. ♕g1+ ♕xg1 4. ♕f1+ ♕xf1 5. ♕f2+ ♕xf2 6. ♕g1 ♕xg1= Rundlauf or Switchback? Why no both, Rundlauf & Switchback? Two rundlauf of wK, one after the other: first Kg1-f2-f1-g1 & second Kg1-f1-f2-g1, the second in reverse strip of the first, so rundaluf g1-f2-f1-g1 + rundlauf g1-f1-f2-g1 = switchback of wK. (Author)

4677. (H≠6.5, Jean Carf)

1k6/8/8/8/5pp1/5bB1/8/4b1K1

1... ♕xe1 2. ♕a8 ♕f2 3.f3 ♕e3 4.f2 ♕d4 5.f1=+= ♕c5 6. ♕a6 ♕b6 7. ♕c8 ♕g3†

4678. (H≠7, Anatoly Kirichenko & Alexandre Pankratiev)

8/4kb1K/8/8/8/p2/p4P2/8

1.a1=+= ♕g7 2. ♕g1+ ♕h6 3. ♕g3 fxg3 4. ♕f8 g4 5. ♕g8 g5 6. ♕h8 g6 7. ♕g8 g7†

Kozhakin theme; Tempo move (wK). (Authors)

4679. (H≠4, - Miguel Uris)

5K2/4p3/6p1/5P2/k7/p7/P7/8

1.gxf5 ♕xc7(e4) 2.fxe4(d6) ♕xd6(d3) 3.exd3(c5) ♕xc5(c2) 4.dxc2(b4) ♕b6(b3)†

Theme Durbar (Author)

4680. (Serie-H≠10. Michael Grushko)

1. ♕b5 2.a5 3. ♕xa5(♕a6;nPa2) 4.a1=CA(n) 5.nCAg7(n) 6. ♕xb6(♕b7;nAa2) 7.b1=CA(n) 8.nCAa3(n) 9.nCAC1(n) 10. ♕xc7(♕c8;nAa2) nCAxc2(CA(n)c1;CA(n)a8)†

CA = Pezzo Camaleonte

4681. (Serie-≠55, Daniele Gatti)

b3n1r1/r4p2/3r1r2/b6k/n1pr4/r1p5/1p6/5K2

1. ♕e2 2. ♕e3 3. ♕xd4(♕e1) 4. ♕d1 5. ♕c2 6. ♕b1 7. ♕a2 8. ♕xa3(♕e1) 9. ♕d1 10. ♕c2
 11. ♕b1 12. ♕a2 13. ♕a3 14. ♕xa4(♕e1) 15. ♕d1 16. ♕c2 17. ♕b1 18. ♕a2 19. ♕a3 20. ♕a4
 21. ♕b5 22. ♕c5 23. ♕xd6(♕e1) 24. ♕e2 25. ♕e3 26. ♕d4 27. ♕c5 28. ♕b5 29. ♕a6
 30. ♕xa7(♕e1) 31. ♕e2 32. ♕e3 33. ♕d4 34. ♕c5 35. ♕b5 36. ♕a6 37. ♕a7 38. ♕b8 39. ♕c8
 40. ♕d7 41. ♕e7 42. ♕xf7(♕e1) 43. ♕e2 44. ♕e3 45. ♕d4 46. ♕e5 47. ♕e6 48. ♕f7
 49. ♕xg8(♕e1) 50. ♕e2 51. ♕e3 52. ♕d4 53. ♕e5 54. ♕f5 55. ♕g5†

4682. (Serie-H=17, Rolf Kohring)

k7/7R/8/8/8/1p2K3/8

1. ♕b8 2.b1=+= 3. ♕a3 4. ♕b5 5. ♕c7 6. ♕b7 7. ♕c6 8. ♕d6 9. ♕d5 10. ♕e3 11. ♕e5 12. ♕f1
 13. ♕f4 14. ♕h2 15. ♕g3 16. ♕g2 17. ♕h1 ♕f2=

4683. (H≠2, Gabriel Nedelianu)

2F5/4n3/8/8/8/6pk/8/6K1

1. ♕f5(+▲e7) GKg4 2. ♕h4(+▲f5) GKe6(+▲g4)†

1. ♕g8(+▲e7) ♕f1 2. ♕h2(+▲h3) GKh8†

4684. (Serie-H≠10, Rolf Kohring)

1. ♕a6 2.DGc6 3.DGb5 4.DGa7 5.DGac5 6.DGb4 7.DGa7 8. ♕b7 9.DGb8 10. ♕a8 ♕c6†

4685. (hs≠9.5, Gunter Jordan)

8/6k1/8/8/P1p5/8/1P6/3K4

1... ♕f6 2.b4 ♕e5 3.b5 ♕d4 4.b6 ♕c3 5.b7 ♕b2 6.b8=+=+ ♕a1 7. ♕c2 c3 8. ♕b3 c2 9. ♕a3
 c1=+=+ 10. ♕b2+ ♕xb2†

Tanagra, Kindergarten, Excelsior, Umwandlungen in Damen, Kreuzschach, Antiphönix.

4686. (S#7, Ivan Bryukhanov)

8/8/4p3/4B3/B7/2Q5/3r4/4K1K1

1. $\mathbb{Q}c2$ $\mathbb{Q}e2$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}d3+$ $\mathbb{Q}e1$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}g3+$ $\mathbb{Q}f2$ 4. $\mathbb{Q}d1$ e5 5. $\mathbb{Q}f3$ e4 6. $\mathbb{Q}g2$ e3 7. $\mathbb{Q}xf2(\mathbb{Q}h8)+$
 $\mathbb{Q}xf2(\mathbb{Q}c1)\ddagger$

4687. (H#3, Miguel Uris)

5b2/1N5K/3p1p2/2n3k1/P7/3p2P1/8/8

a) 1. $\mathbb{Q}xa4$ $\mathbb{Q}xd6(c3)$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}xc3(f5)$ $\mathbb{Q}xf5(e2)$ 3. $dxe2(g4)$ $\mathbb{Q}g7(f4)\ddagger$
b) 1. $\mathbb{Q}g7$ $\mathbb{Q}xg7$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}h5(\mathbb{Q}h7)$ $\mathbb{Q}xf6$ 3. $dxe5(g5)$ $\mathbb{Q}g7(\mathbb{Q}f6)\ddagger$

4688. (Serie-H#17, Pascale Piet)

8/3p4/7k/3P4/8/1R1P1P2/K2P4/3q4

1. $\mathbb{Q}g5$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}f4$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}xf3$ 4. $\mathbb{Q}e2$ 5. $\mathbb{Q}xd2$ 6. $\mathbb{Q}c1$ 7. $\mathbb{Q}xd3$ 8. $\mathbb{Q}xd5$ 9. $\mathbb{Q}g5$ 10. $d5$ 11. $d4$ 12. $d3$ 13. $d2$
14. $d1=\mathbb{Q}$ 15. $\mathbb{Q}e3$ 16. $\mathbb{Q}c2$ 17. $\mathbb{Q}d2$ $\mathbb{Q}b1\ddagger$

4689. (Serie-hs+20, L'ubos Kekely)

8/k4Kp1/8/2P3P1/5N1P/3B1P2/8/8

Il Nero fa una serie di mosse fino alla 19^a, poi muove il Bianco costringendo il Nero a fargli uno scacco (non scacco matto).

1. $\mathbb{Q}b7$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}c6$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}xc5$ 4. $\mathbb{Q}d4$ 5. $\mathbb{Q}e3$ 6. $\mathbb{Q}f2$ 7. $\mathbb{Q}g3$ 8. $\mathbb{Q}xh4$ 9. $\mathbb{Q}xg5$ 10. $\mathbb{Q}h6$ 11. $g5$ 12. $g4$

13. $gxh3$ 14. $f2$ 15. $f1=\mathbb{Q}$ 16. $\mathbb{Q}xd3$ 17. $\mathbb{Q}h7$ 18. $\mathbb{Q}h8$ 19. $\mathbb{Q}h7$, $\mathbb{Q}g6+$ 20. $\mathbb{Q}xg6+$

Meredith. Walk of black king. Excelsior. Minor promotion (Author).

4690. (SPG 8.5, Henryk Grudzinski)

rn1q1bn1/ppp1pkp1/8/8/8/3N4/PPP1PPPP/RNbKB2

1. $e4$ $f5$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}h5(\mathbb{Q})$ $fxe4(\mathbb{Q})$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}xh7(\mathbb{Q})$ $\mathbb{Q}xd2(\mathbb{Q})+$ 4. $\mathbb{Q}xd2(\mathbb{Q})$ $\mathbb{Q}f7$ 5. $\mathbb{Q}xd7(\mathbb{Q})$ $\mathbb{Q}xd7(\mathbb{Q})$
6. $\mathbb{Q}h6(\mathbb{Q})$ $\mathbb{Q}d1(\mathbb{Q})$ 7. $\mathbb{Q}d3(\mathbb{Q})$ $\mathbb{Q}xh6(\mathbb{Q})$ 8. $\mathbb{Q}e2(P)$ $\mathbb{Q}c1(\mathbb{Q})$ 9. $\mathbb{Q}f1(\mathbb{Q})$

Descrizione dell'Autore:

1. $e4$ $f5$ 2. $Qh5=R$ $fxe4=S$ 3. $Rxh7=Q$ $Sxd2=B+$ [3.... $Kf7?$ 4. $Qh6=R$ $Sxd2=B+$ 5. $Bxd2=R$
 $Rxh6=Q$ 6. $Rxd7=Q$ $Bxd7=R$ 7. white has no move] 4. $Bxd2=R$ $Kf7$ 5. $Rxd7=Q$ [5. $Qh6=R$?
 $Rxh6=Q$ 6. $Rxd7=Q$ $Bxd7=R$ 7. white has no move] 5.... $Bxd7=R$ 6. $Qh6=R$ $Rd1=B$ 7. $Bd3=S$
 $Rxh6=Q$ 8. $Se2=P$ $Qc1=R$ 9. $Rf1=B$ A super puzzle.

4691. (SPG 6.0, Hans Nieuwhart)

rn1qkbnr/2p1p1pp/8/8/8/1P1PPPPP/R1BQKBNR

1. $\mathbb{Q}c3$ d5 2. $\mathbb{Q}xd5(\mathbb{Q}d4)$ c6 3. $\mathbb{Q}xc6(\mathbb{Q}c5)$ $\mathbb{Q}e6$ 4. $\mathbb{Q}xb7(\mathbb{Q}b5)$ $\mathbb{Q}xa2(\mathbb{Q}a4)$ 5. $\mathbb{Q}xa7(\mathbb{Q}a5)$
 $\mathbb{Q}xc2(\mathbb{Q}c4)$ 6. $\mathbb{Q}xc4(\mathbb{Q}e6)$ $fxe6(c7)$

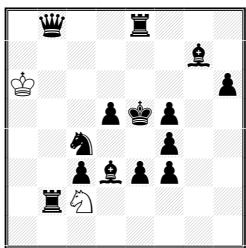
Homebase

Francesco Simoni 60 JT Award

di Francesco Simoni

Twenty-one problems and one version took part in this jubilee tourney, which I was pleased to judge. Orthodox helpmates in 3,5 or more moves were required, with the “Perpetuum Mobile” theme and with white to play in the actual play. As general criteria, I preferred asymmetrical problems with deep strategy, not merely based on marches of a single black unit or repeated moves.

I excluded due to anticipations the problem N°09 since identical diagonal echo mates were already realized in 4 moves (see appendix). I have been happy with the quality of the remaining problems and therefore I ranked all of them, awarding prizes, honourable mentions and commendations as it follows:



← 1st Prize 08 - Menachem Witztum

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

1q2r3/6b1/K6p/3pkp2/2n2p2/2pbpp2/1rN5/8

H≠3,5* (2+14) C+ b) ♜c2→e1

a) 1. ♜e4 ♜b4 2. ♜d4 ♜xd5 3. ♜e5 ♜f6†

1... ♜e1 2. ♜d4 ♜g2 3. ♜e4 ♜xf4 4. ♜e5 ♜e6†

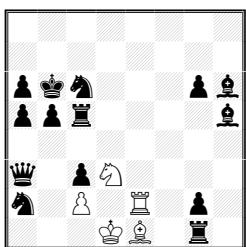
b) 1. ♜d4 ♜g2 2. ♜e4 ♜xf4 3. ♜e5 ♜e6†

1... ♜c2 2. ♜e4 ♜b4 3. ♜d4 ♜xd5 4. ♜e5 ♜f6†

a) 1... ♜b4 2. ♜e4 ♜xd5 3. ♜d4 ...? 4. ♜e5 ♜f6†

b) 1... ♜g2 2. ♜d4 ♜xf4 3. ♜e4 ...? 4. ♜e5 ♜e6†

Beautiful problem with critical moves and Grimshaw. Despite this strategy was quite common in classical helpmates, its application together with the theme and the dual avoidance is a combination that is original and difficult at the same time. In fact, the reversible keys give rise to an excellent dual avoidance mechanism in both twins: a white waiting move is missing in W3 and this prevents to replicate the set moves in the Actual Play.



← 2nd Prize 21 - Gabriele Brunori & Valerio Agostini

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

8/8/pkn3pb/ppr4b/8/q1pN4/n1P1R1p1/3KB1r1

H≠3,5* (5+14) C+

b) ♜d3→b2

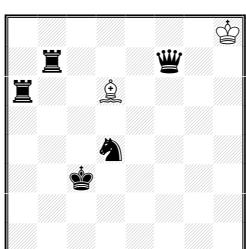
a) 1. ♜xe2+ ♜xe2 2.a4 ♜g3 3. ♜a5 ♜c7†

1... ♜b2 2. ♜xe1+ ♜xe1 3.b4 ♜e7 4. ♜b5 ♜b7†

b) 1. ♜xe1+ ♜xe1 2.b4 ♜e7 3. ♜b5 ♜b7†

1... ♜d3 2. ♜xe2+ ♜xe2 3.a4 ♜g3 4. ♜a5 ♜c7†

An asymmetrical setting with diagonal-orthogonal echo and Zilahi. One of two pinned white pieces is captured by black to allow the wK to directly unpin the second one, that will move twice to mate.



← 3rd Prize 01 - Viktoras Paliulionis

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

7K/1r3q2/r2B4/8/3n4/2k5/8/8

H≠7,5* (2+5) C+ b) ♜d6→e7

a) 1. ♜g8+ ♜xg8 2. ♜b8+ ♜f7 3. ♜b5 ♜e6 4. ♜b3 ♜d5 5. ♜a4

爵c4 6. ♜a5 ♜b3 7. ♜bb6 ♜b4†

1... ♜e7 2. ♜a2 ♜g7 3. ♜a4 ♜f6 4. ♜b2 ♜e5 5. ♜b3 ♜d6 6. ♜a3

爵c5 7. ♜b3+ ♜b5+ 8. ♜b4+ ♜xb4†

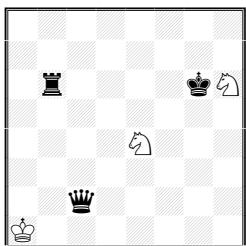
b) 1. ♜a2 ♜g7 2. ♜a4 ♜f6 3. ♜b2 ♜e5 4. ♜b3 ♜d6 5. ♜a3 ♜c5

6. ♜b3+ ♜b5+ 7. ♜b4+ ♜xb4†

1... ♜d6 2. ♜g8+ ♜xg8 3. ♜b8+ ♜f7 4. ♜b5 ♜e6 5. ♜b3 ♜d5

6. ♜a4 ♜c4 7. ♜a5 ♜b3 8. ♜bb6 ♜b4†

The longest problem of the tourney: an asymmetrical miniature in 7.5 moves. The mates are on the same square, but with different final position of the bK. The reversible keys provide homogeneous interferences to allow the wK to move. The author also provided a version with perfect echo mates, but I prefer this one, without repeated white moves.



← 4th Prize 10 - Viktoras Paliulionis

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

8/8/r4kN/8/4N3/8/2q5/K7

H≠5,5* (3+3) C+ b) ♜h6→g8

a) 1. ♜c7 ♜c5 2. ♜c6 ♜b2 3. ♜f6 ♜c3 4. ♜e7 ♜d4 5. ♜d6 ♜f5†

1... ♜g8 2. ♜c8 ♜a2 3. ♜f6 ♜b3 4. ♜g4 ♜c4 5. ♜f4 ♜d5 6. ♜f5

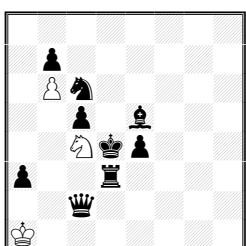
♜e7†

b) 1. ♜c8 ♜a2 2. ♜f6 ♜b3 3. ♜g4 ♜c4 4. ♜f4 ♜d5 5. ♜f5 ♜e7†

1... ♜h6 2. ♜c7 ♜c5 3. ♜c6 ♜b2 4. ♜f6 ♜c3 5. ♜e7 ♜d4 6. ♜d6

♜f5†

A nice long problem with only six pieces, chameleon echo and ideal mates. I found some earlier helpmates with similar thematical clearness, but no one of them with so long solutions, the same couple of mate positions and the reversible keys.



← 5th Prize 15 - Mikola Kolesnik

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

8/1p6/1Pn5/2p1b3/2Nkp3/p2r4/2q5/K7

H≠3,5* (3+9) C+ b) ♜c4→d2

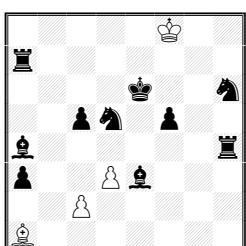
a) 1. ♜c7 bxc7 2. ♜d5 c8=♛ 3. ♜d4 ♛g8†

1... ♜d2 2. ♜a7 bxa7 3. ♜c3 a8=♛ 4. ♜d4 ♛a5†

b) 1. ♜a7 bxa7 2. ♜c3 a8=♛ 3. ♜d4 ♛a5†

1... ♜c4 2. ♜c7 bxc7 3. ♜d5 c8=♛ 4. ♜d4 ♛g8†

Three black pieces swap their functions in cyclical form (active sacrifice to allow a wP move to go to promotion/passive block of flights squares/self-blocks on the same square) and the mates exploit properly the two white pieces.



← 6th Prize 19 - Fadil Abdurahmanovic, Marko Klasinc

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

5K2/r7/4k2n/2pn1p2/b6r/p2Pb3/2P5/B7

H≠3,5* (4+10) C+ b) ♜a1→h8

a) 1. ♜c7 c3 2. ♜e5 ♜e7 3. ♜f4 c4†

1... ♜h8 2. ♜e7 ♜g7 3. ♜d5 ♜f6 4. ♜d4 ♜e6†

b) 1. ♜e7 ♜g7 2. ♜d5 ♜f6 3. ♜d4 ♜e6†

1... ♜a1 2. ♜c7 c3 3. ♜e5 ♜e7 4. ♜f4 c4†

A homogeneous and asymmetrical problem, where the Indian theme is shown with a nice battery change and good justification for the white material. After the corner-to-corner key, a well-specified black interference allows the wK to move.

I concorsi su Best Problems:

≠2, =2; (2020-2021): NN

≠3, =3; (2020-2021): A. Garofalo

S≠2/3, S=2/3; (2021-2023): A. Garofalo

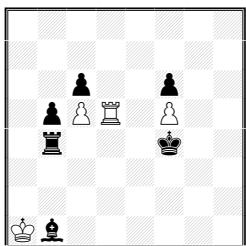
H≠2, H=2; (2020-2021): NN

H≠3, H=3; (2020-2021): NN

H≠n, H=n; (2020-2021): A. Garofalo

Fairies (2021): NN

E-mail & web site: perseus@bestproblems.it <http://www.bestproblems.it>



← 7th Prize 18 - Jorge M. Kapros

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

8/8/2p2p2/1pPR1P2/1r3k2/8/8/Kb6

H≠4,5* (4+6) C+ b) ♜d5→e5

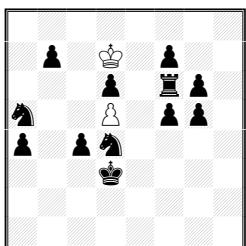
a) 1.cxd5 c6 2.♔e5 c7 3.♗f4 c8=♕ 4.d4 ♔e6†

1...♗e5 2.fxe5 f6 3.♗f5 f7 4.e4 f8=♕ 5.♔e5 ♕d6†

b) 1.fxe5 f6 2.♗f5 f7 3.e4 f8=♕ 4.♔e5 ♕d6†

1...♗d5 2.cxd5 c6 3.♔e5 c7 4.♗f4 c8=♕ 5.d4 ♕e6†

A wR swings between two adjacent squares, to allow a bP to deviate and let a wP move three times to promote, while black performs critical strategies. The two white pawns swap nicely their functions (promotion and mate/support to the wQ in mate).



← 1st Honourable Mention 07 - Boris Shorokhov

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

8/1p1K1p2/3p1rp1/n2P1pp1/p1pn4/3k4/8/8

H≠4,5* (2+12) C+ b) ♜d7→c7

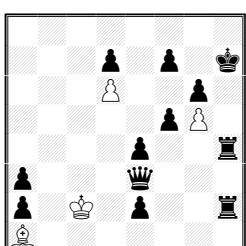
a) 1.♗e6 dxе6 2.♔e4 e7 3.♔e5 e8=♕+ 4.♔f6 ♕h8†

1...♔c7 2.♗ac6 dxс6 3.♔c3 cxb7 4.♔b4 b8=♕+ 5.♔a5 ♕b6†

b) 1.♗ac6 dxс6 2.♗c3 cxb7 3.♔b4 b8=♕+ 4.♔a5 ♕b6†

1...♔d7 2.♗e6 dxе6 3.♔e4 e7 4.♔e5 e8=♕+ 5.♔f6 ♕h8†

Asymmetrical solutions in 4,5 moves that perform black sacrifice to allow a wP to move three times to promote.



← 2nd Honourable Mention 20 - Fadil Abdurahmanovic, Marko Klasinc

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

8/3p1p1k/3P2p1/5pP1/4p2r/p3q3/p1K1p2r/B7

H≠3,5* (4+12) C+ b) ♜a1→h8

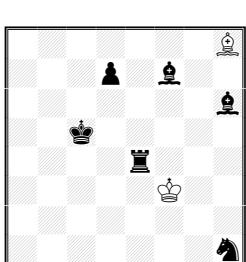
a) 1.♕xg5 ♔c3 2.♔g7 ♔d4 3.♔f6 ♔d5†

1...♗h8 2.f6 gxg6 3.♔xh8 f7 4.♗h7 f8=♕†

b) 1.f6 gxg6 2.♔xh8 f7 3.♗h7 f8=♕†

1...♗a1 2.♕xg5 ♔c3 3.♔g7 ♔d4 4.♔f6 ♔d5†

Corner-to corner, asymmetry and theme change: battery mate/promotion.



← 3rd Honourable Mention 03 - Zlatko Mihajloski

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

7B/3p1b2/7b/2k5/4r3/5K2/8/7n

H≠4,5* (2+6) C+ b) ♜h8→a1

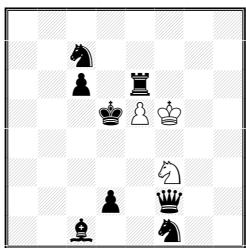
a) 1.♗e8 ♔g4 2.♔d6 ♔f5 3.♔e7 ♔e5 4.♔f8 ♔f6†

1...♗a1 2.♗a4 ♔e2 3.♔b4 ♔d3 4.♔a3 ♔c3 5.♔a2 ♔b2†

b) 1.♗a4 ♔e2 2.♗b4 ♔d3 3.♔a3 ♔c3 4.♔a2 ♔b2†

1...♗h8 2.♗e8 ♔g4 3.♔d6 ♔f5 4.♔e7 ♔e5 5.♔f8 ♔f6†

Corner to corner keys in 4,5 moves, but the symmetry detracts.



← 4th Honourable Mention 14 - Pietro Pitton

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

8/2n5/2p1r3/kPK2/8/5N2/3p1q2/2b2n2

H≠3,5* (3+8) C+ b) ♕f5→f4

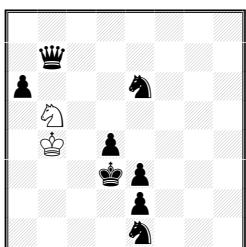
a) 1. ♔d4 ♖xd2 2. ♔a6 ♖c4 3. ♖c5 ♖b6†

1... ♖f4 2. ♖c5 ♖h2 3. ♖b5 ♖xf1 4. ♖d4 ♖e3†

b) 1. ♖c5 ♖h2 2. ♖b5 ♖xf1 3. ♖d4 ♖e3†

1... ♖f5 2. ♖d4 ♖xd2 3. ♖a6 ♖c4 4. ♖c5 ♖b6†

The bQ and the bS self-block by swapping their final squares.



← 5th Honourable Mention 05 - Pietro Pitton

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

8/1q6/p3n3/1N6/1K1p4/3kp3/4p3/4n3

H≠3,5* (2+8) C+ b) ♕b4→b3

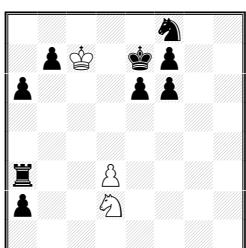
a) 1. ♖e4 ♖a3 2. ♖f3 ♖c2 3. ♖d2 ♖e1†

1... ♖b3 2. ♖c6 ♖c7 3. ♖c1 ♖xe6 4. ♖d2 ♖c5†

b) 1. ♖c6 ♖c7 2. ♖c1 ♖xe6 3. ♖d2 ♖c5†

1... ♖b4 2. ♖e4 ♖a3 3. ♖f3 ♖c2 4. ♖d2 ♖e1†

Direct unpin to specify the order of the black moves. Self-blocks on the same square, but unfortunately only one with dual avoidance.



← 6th Honourable Mention 16 - Alexandre Semenenko, Valery Semenenko

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

5n2/1pK1kp2/p3pp2/8/8/r2P4/p2N4/8

H≠3,5* (3+9) C+ b) ♖d2→b1

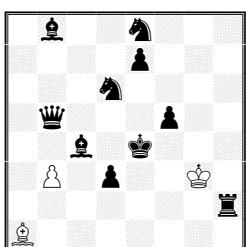
a) 1. ♖xd3 ♖e4 2. ♖d8 ♖xf6 3. ♖e8 ♖g8†

1... ♖b1 2.axb1=♕ d4 3. ♖b5 d5 4. ♖e8 d6†

b) 1.axb1=♕ d4 2. ♖b5 d5 3. ♖e8 d6†

1... ♖d2 2. ♖xd3 ♖e4 3. ♖d8 ♖xf6 4. ♖e8 ♖g8†

Black and white marches, self-blocks on the same square and Zilahi. A white unit reaches the mating square, while another one is captured by the black piece that will further move twice to self-block, in reciprocal form.



← 7th Honourable Mention 17 - Fadil Abdurahmanovic, Marko Klasinc

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

1b2n3/4p3/3n4/1q3p2/2b1k3/1P1p2K1/7r/B7

H≠3,5* (3+10) C+ b) ♖a1→h8

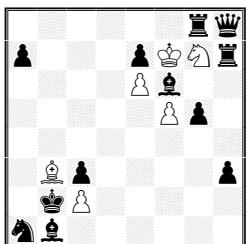
a) 1. ♖b2 b4 2. ♖d4 ♖f4 3. ♖d5 ♖xb2†

1... ♖h8 2. ♖g7 bxc4 3. ♖e5 ♖f3 4.e6 ♖xg7†

b) 1. ♖g7 bxc4 2. ♖e5 ♖f3 3.e6 ♖xg7†

1... ♖a1 2. ♖b2 b4 3. ♖d4 ♖f4 4. ♖d5 ♖xb2†

Corner-to-corner and Maslar theme. White forces are properly exploited, but the use of the black material in the two twins is not as good.



← 1st Commendation 22 - Gabriele Brunori

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

6rq/p3pKNr/4Pb2/5Pp1/8/1Bp4p/1kP5/nb6

H≠3,5* (6+12) C+ b) ♕f7→g6

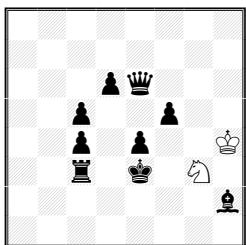
a) 1. ♜h4 ♖h5 2. ♜a4 ♖f4 3. ♜a3 ♖d3†

1... ♖g6 2. ♜d8 ♖e8 3. ♜d1 ♖d6 4. ♜c1 ♖c4†

b) 1. ♜d8 ♖e8 2. ♜d1 ♖d6 3. ♜c1 ♖c4†

1... ♖f7 2. ♜h4 ♖h5 3. ♜a4 ♖f4 4. ♜a3 ♖d3†

A complex but symmetrical setting where the initial pin specifies the play.



← 2nd Commendation 06 - Mikola Kolesnik

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

8/8/3pq3/2p2p2/2p1p2K/2r1k1N1/7b/8

H≠3,5* (2+9) C+ b) ♕h4→g5

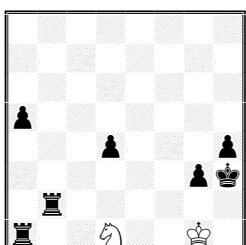
a) 1. ♕f4 ♖f1 2. ♜f3 ♖e3 3. ♜e5 ♖g2†

1... ♖g5 2. ♜d5 ♜f6 3. ♜d3 ♜e6 4. ♜d4 ♖xf5†

b) 1. ♜d5 ♜f6 2. ♜d3 ♜e6 3. ♜d4 ♖xf5†

1... ♖h4 2. ♜f4 ♖f1 3. ♜f3 ♖e3 4. ♜e5 ♖g2†

An asymmetrical problem with self-blocks.



← 3rd Commendation 04 - Pietro Pitton

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

8/8/8/p7/3p3p/6pk/1r6/r2N2K1

H≠3,5* (2+7) C+ b) ♕g1→h1

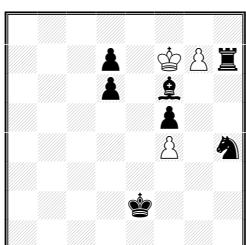
a) 1. ♜a3 ♖xb2 2. g2 ♖d1 3. ♜g3 ♖f2†

1... ♖h1 2. ♜a4 ♖c3 3. d3 ♖e2 4. ♜g4 ♖g1†

b) 1. ♜a4 ♖c3 2. d3 ♖e2 3. ♜g4 ♖g1†

1... ♖g1 2. ♜a3 ♖xb2 3. g2 ♖d1 4. ♜g3 ♖f2†

A linear problem with white direct unpin followed by self-block by the unpinning unit and mate by the unpinned piece.



← 4th Commendation 13 - Karol Mlynka

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

8/3p1KPr/3p1b2/5p2/5P1n/8/4k3/8

H≠3,5* (3+7) C+ b) ♕f7→g8

a) 1. ♜f3 ♖xf6 2. ♜g4 g8=♕ 3. ♜h5 ♜g5†

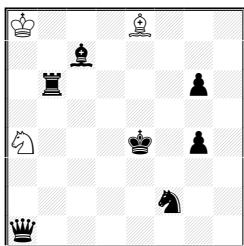
1... ♖g8 2. ♜f3 ♜xh7 3. ♜g4 g8=♕ 4. ♜h5 ♖xf6†

b) 1. ♜f3 ♜xh7 2. ♜g4 g8=♕ 3. ♜h5 ♖xf6†

1... ♖f7 2. ♜f3 ♜xf6 3. ♜g4 g8=♕ 4. ♜h5 ♜g5†

The swings of the wK and the white promotions are nice, but the identical black royal marches detract.





← 5th Commendation 12 - Nikita Kravtsov

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

K3B3/2b5/1r4p1/8/N3k1p1/8/5n2/q7

H≠4,5* (3+7) C+ b) ♜a8→a7

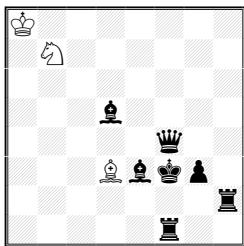
a) 1. ♜d4 ♜xb6 2. ♜d6 ♜d7 3. ♜d5 ♜b7 4. ♜e4 ♜f7†

1... ♜a7 2. ♜e5 ♜xb6 3. ♜d4 ♜c3 4. ♜e4 ♜b5+ 5. ♜d5 ♜f7†

b) 1. ♜e5 ♜xb6 2. ♜d4 ♜c3 3. ♜e4 ♜b5+ 4. ♜d5 ♜f7†

1... ♜a8 2. ♜d4 ♜xb6 3. ♜d6 ♜d7 4. ♜d5 ♜b7 5. ♜e4 ♜f7†

Mates on the same square and with the bK in the same position.



← 6th Commendation 11 - Jorge M. Kapros

Simoni-60 JT, 2020

K7/1N6/8/3b4/5q2/3Bbkp1/7r/5r2

H≠3,5* (3+7) C+ b) ♜d3→f5

a) 1. ♜e6 ♜d6 2. ♜g4 ♜f5 3. ♜hf2 ♜h4†

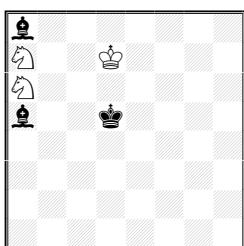
1... ♜f5 2. ♜e4 ♜c5 3. ♜e2 ♜d3 4. ♜ff2 ♜e1†

b) 1. ♜c4 ♜c5 2. ♜e2 ♜d3 3. ♜ff2 ♜e1†

1... ♜d3 2. ♜e6 ♜d6 3. ♜g4 ♜f5 4. ♜hf2 ♜h4†

A symmetrical pattern where black directly unpins a white unit and it moves three times to reach the mating square.

Appendix



← Victor Zheglov, Yuri Paramonov

Concours Moscovite 2014 - 1°-2° Prize e.a.

b7/N2K4/N7/b2k4/8/8/8

H≠4 (3+3) C+

1. ♜b4 ♜b8 2. ♜c5 ♜e6 3. ♜d5+ ♜e5 4. ♜c4 ♜d7†

1. ♜c3 ♜c7 2. ♜e5+ ♜b6 3. ♜d6 ♜c5 4. ♜d5 ♜c8†

1. ♜b6 ♜e7 2. ♜c5+ ♜f6 3. ♜d6 ♜b8 4. ♜d5 ♜b5†

1. ♜c6+ ♜c8 2. ♜a4 ♜b7 3. ♜c4 ♜c8 4. ♜b5 ♜d6†

Bologna, July 2021 - Int. Judge: F. Simoni

I miei più sinceri ringraziamenti a Francesco Simoni per il suo qualificato verdetto, il quale diverrà definitivo passati 3 mesi dalla pubblicazione.

Eventuali reclami vanno inviati al Redattore: Antonio Garofalo, E-mail: perseus@bestproblems.it

[*My most sincere thanks to Francesco Simoni for his qualified award, which will become definitive 3 months after publication.*

Possible claims must be sent to the Editor: Antonio Garofalo, E-mail: perseus@bestproblems.it.]

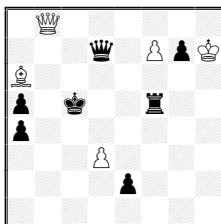
Segnalazioni (Reports)

BP99, diagram 4625. The Author **M. Cioflanca** correct the position: remove ♜d6 and add ♜d6. The solution is identical.

BP99, diagram 4627, **J. Carf.** - Adrian Storisteanu proposes to move ♜e3→♜g5 for to have a slight improvement: the Bishop switchback. The solution is identical.

BP99 – diagram 4640, **S. Luce**; fairy condition = Cannibals.

Affermazioni italiane (Italian award winners)



← Daniele Gatti

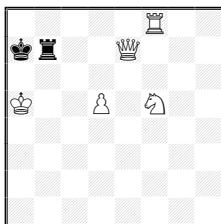
2^a Lode - Henri Rinck-150 MT, section A, 2020

1Q6/3q1PpK/B7/p1k2r2/p7/3P4/4p3/

Draw = (5+7)

1.d4+! [1.f8Q? Rx f8 2.Qxf8+ Kb6! 3.Bc8 Qxd3+ 4.Bf5 Qxf5+!
5.Qxf5 e1Q+–] **1...Kxd4** [1...Kd5 2.f8 Q g6+ (2...Rh5+ 3.Kg8 Qe6+
4.Qf7=) 3.Qg7 Qxg7+ 4.Kxg7 e1Q 5.Qd8+!=] **2.Qb6+!** [2.Qb2+?
Kc5! (but not 2...Kd5? 3.Qxe2! Rx f7 4.Bc4+ Kc5 5.Bxf7 Qxf7

6.Qe3+! Kb5 7.Qe5+ Ka6 8.Qe2+ Ka7 9.Qe3+ Kb7 10.Qe4+! Kc7 11.Qe5+! Kc6 12.Qc3+! Kb7
13.Qxa5 g5+ 14.Kh6! =) 3.Qc3+ Kb6 –+] **2...Ke4 3.Bb7+ Kd3 4.Ba6+ Ke4** [4...Kc2 5.Qe3!
e1Q! 6.Qxe1 Rf4! 7.Qe2+! Qd2 8.Qe6=] **5.Bb7+ Kf4 6.Qf2+ Ke5 7.Qc5+ Ke6 8.Qxf5+! Kxf5**
9.Bc8! [9.f8Q? Kg5! 10.Bc8 (10.Qc5+ Qf5+–) 10...Qd3+–] **9...Qxc8** [9...Kg5 10.Bxd7 e1Q
11.f8Q Qh1+ 12.Kxg7 Qh6+ 13.Kg8 Qxf8+ 14.Kxf8 a3 15.Be6=] **10.f8Q+! Kg5!** [10...Qxf8
stalemate] **11.Qxc8 e1Q 12.Qc5+!** [12.Qd8+? Kh5! 13.Qd5+ g5+–] **12...Kh4 13.Qc4+!**
[13.Qd4+? Kh5!–+] **13...Kg3 14.Qc7+!** [14.Qd3+? Kf4!–+] **14...Kh3 15.Qc8+!** [15.Qd7+? Kh4!
16.Qxa4+ Qb4 17.Qa1 g5 18.Qh1+ Kg4!–+] **15...Kh4 16.Qc4+! Kg5** [16...Kh5 17.Qf7+ Kg5
18.Qxg7=] **17.Qc5+!** [17.Qd5+? Kf6 18.Qd8+ (18.Qc6+ Qe6!–+) 18...Qe7! 19.Qd4+ Qe5+–]
17...Kf4 18.Qf8+ = positional draw. White has a great material disadvantage and his play is
aimed at sacrificing all his army for stalemate. Black's capture refusal leads to a Q vs Q+Ps
ending which is difficult to understand without computer assistance. (Judge: Luis Miguel
Gonzalez)



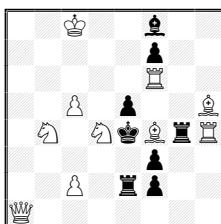
← Daniele Gatti - Lode, *Die Schwalbe* 2018

5R2/kr2Q3/8/K2P1N2/8/8/8

S≠17 (5+2) C+

Try: 1.♕e3+? but 1...♗b6!

1.♕c5+ ♜b6 2.d6 ♜b7 3.♕c8+ ♜a7 4.♕c7+ ♜b7 5.♕c5+ ♜b6
6.d7 ♜b7 7.♕c8+ ♜a7 8.♕c7+ ♜b7 9.♕c5+ ♜b6 10.d8=♕ ♜b7
11.♕ce7+ ♜c6 12.♕a8+ ♜b7 13.♕e5 ♜d7 14.♕f7+ ♜c6 15.♕e4+
爵c5 16.♕c7+ ♜xc7 17.♕a7+ ♜xa7‡



← Marco Guida – 1^a M. O. *The Problemist* 2004

2K2b2/5p2/5R2/2P1p2B/1N1NkBrR/5p2/2P1rp2/Q7

#2 (10+8) C+

2K2b2/5p2/5R2/2P1p2B/1N1NkBrR/5p2/2P1rp2/Q7

1.♘d–? [2.♘a8‡ 2.♘xe5‡] 1...exf4 2.♘d4‡ ma 1...♘xf4!

1.♘dc6? [2.♘xe5‡] 1...♘g5 2.♘xg5‡ ma 1...♘d6!

1.♘xf3? [2.♘a8‡]

1...♘xf4 2.♘xe5‡ 1...♘d2 2.♘xd2‡

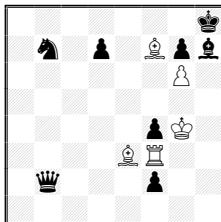
1...♘xf3 2.♘h1‡ ma 1...exf4!

1.♘f5! [2.♘xe5‡]

1...♘xf4 2.♘a8‡ 1...♘d6 2.♘xd6‡

1...exf4 2.♘d4‡ 1...♘xf4 2.♘xg4‡

Temi Le Grand, Rudenko, Barnes.



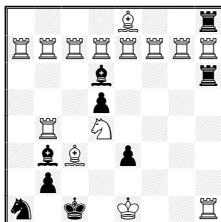
← **Daniele Gatti** – 3^a Lode, *Idee & form* 2017

7k/1n1p1Bpb/6P1/8/5pK1/4BR2/1q3p2/8

≠8 (5+8) C+

1. ♜h3! [2. ♜xh7‡]

1... ♛e2+ 2. ♔g5 ♛b5+ 3. ♖c5 ♛xc5+ 4. ♔g4 ♛f5+ 5. ♔xf5 ♖d6+ 6. ♔g4 ♖xf7 7. gx f7 [8. f8=♕‡]



← **Daniele Gatti** - 4^a Lode, Mémorial Y. Tallec, 2020

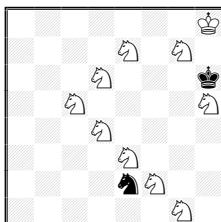
4B2r/RRRRRRRR/3b3r/3p4/1R1N4/1bB1p3/1p6/n1k1K2R

S≠17 (14+9)

1.0-0+? ♖d1!

1. ♖d2+ ♔b1 2.0-0+ ♖d1 3. ♖xa1+ ♔xa1 4. ♖a7+ ♔b1 5. ♖a1+ ♔xa1 6. ♖a7+ ♔b1 7. ♖a1+ ♔xa1 8. ♖a7+ ♔b1 9. ♖a1+ ♔xa1 10. ♖a7+ ♔b1 11. ♖a1+ ♔xa1 12. ♖a7+ ♔b1 13. ♖a1+ ♔xa1 14. ♖a7+ ♔b1 15. ♖a1+ ♔xa1 16. ♖a7+ ♔b1 17. ♖g6+ ♖xg6‡

Une manœuvre répétitive amusante pour se débarrasser des huit Tours blanches de la septième rangée. (Judge: Michel Caillaud)



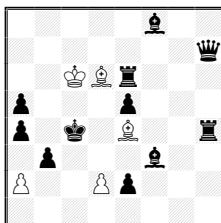
← **Daniele Gatti** - 5^a Lode, Mémorial Y. Tallec, 2020

7K/4N1N1/3N3k/2N4N/3N4/4N3/4nN2/6N1

S≠20 (10+2)

1. ♖fg4+ ♔g5 2. ♖ce4+ ♔h4 3. ♖gf3+ ♔h3 4. ♖f4+ ♖xf4 5. ♖ef2+ ♔g3 6. ♖h1+ ♔h3 7. ♖g1+ ♔h4 8. ♖e7f5+ ♔g5 9. ♖df3+ ♔g6 10. ♖ge5+ ♔f6 11. ♖d7+ ♔g6 12. ♖e7+ ♔h6 13. ♖g8+ ♔g6 14. ♖fe5+ ♔g5 15. ♖e4+ ♔h4 16. ♖gf5+ ♔h5 17. ♖ef6+ ♔g5 18. ♖h7+ ♔h5 19. ♖g7+ ♔h4 20. ♖g6+ ♖xg6‡

Une curiosité que cette position ne comportant que des Cavaliers en dehors des Rois. Que l'on puisse contrôler le jeu noir avec ce matériel est intéressant mais en dehors de cela, la solution ne présente pas de caractère particulier. (Judge: Michel Caillaud)



← **Francesco Simoni** – 3^o Premio *SuperProblem* 2019

5b2/7q/2KB3/p3p3/p1k1B2r/1p3b2/P2Pp3/8

H≠2 (5+11) C+ b) ♖a4→c7 c) ♖c4→d4 d) ♖h7→d8

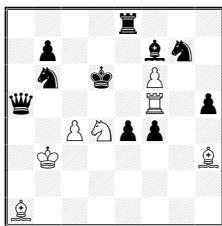
a) 1. ♖e8 (♖e7?) ♖xe5 2. ♖b4 d3‡

b) 1. ♖h5 (♖g4?) ♖c2 2. ♖d4 axb3‡

c) 1. ♖e7 ♖d5 2. ♖d3 ♖c5‡

d) 1. ♖g4 ♖b7 2. ♖b5 ♖d3‡

HOTF through four twin positions, with white direct unpins in B1, diagonal-orthogonal echo, two pairs of reciprocal tries. In a) and b), each unpinned piece moves to open a gate and to take some flights. Both in a) and b), a try fails for anticipatory black interference, preventing the interfered piece to selfblock in B2. In c) and d), vice versa, the unpins are combined with black interference, to allow the unpinned piece mates. (Judge: Zoran Gavrilovski)



← Mario Parrinello – 1^a M. O. *The Problemist* 2004

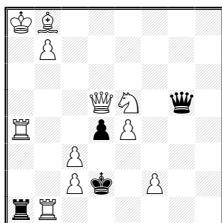
4r3/1p3bn1/1n1k1P2/q4R1p/2PNpp2/1K5B/8/B7

H≠2 (7+10) C+

1. ♜e6 ♜xe6 2. ♜xe6 ♜d5‡ 1. ♜e5 ♜xe5 2. ♜xe5 ♜b5‡

Un pezzo nero che fa la guardia alla linea di matto si sacrifica, imitato poi dal bianco, nella casa dove deve muovere il Re nero.

Temi Zilahi, Zajic, Kniest



← Mario Parrinello – 2^o Premio, TT.258 SuperProblem 2021

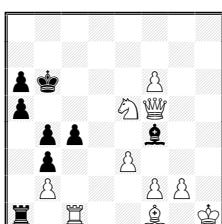
KB6/1P6/8/3QN1q1/R2pP3/2P5/2Pk1P2/rR6

hs≠3 (11+4) C+ b) ♜a4

a) 1. ♜a5 ♜g8 (♛d8?) 2. ♜ab4 ♜xc3 3. ♜b2+ ♜xa5‡

b) 1. ♜a2 ♜d8 (♛g8?) 2. ♜b2 ♜xc2 3. ♜d1+ ♜xa2‡

The problem shows good and rich strategy. Dual avoidances. ODT construction with creation of White batteries. Initial White battery forms after a play of rear piece. (Judge: Velko Alexandrov)



← Mario Parrinello – 1/2^o M.O e.a., TT.258 SuperProblem 2021

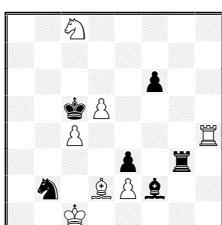
8/8/pk3P2/p3NQ2/1pp2b2/1p2P3/1P3PP1/r1R2B1K

hs≠3 (10+8) C+ b) ♜e5

a) 1. ♜xc4 ♜b5 2. ♜d3+ ♜xc4 3. ♜c5+ ♜xf1‡

b) 1. ♜xc4 ♜c5 2. ♜c3+ ♜xc4 3. ♜d4+ ♜xc1‡

Forsberg twins. ODT construction with creation of White batteries. Transformation of White half-pin into battery. Model mates. (Judge: Velko Alexandrov)



← Antonio Garofalo - www.problemiste.fr Problemiste 2012

1^a Lode 2N5/8/5p2/2kP4/2P4R/4p1r1/1n1BPb2/2K5

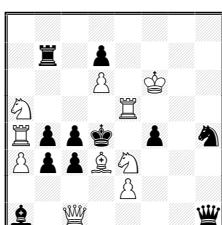
H≠2 (7+6) C+

1. ♜g4 ♜h7 2. ♜d4 ♜c7‡

1. ♜e1 ♜a5 2. ♜b4 ♜b6‡

1. ♜a4 ♜d6 2. ♜b6 ♜b7‡

Il pezzo nero che autoblocca è dello stesso tipo del pezzo bianco che matta.



← Marco Guida - 5^a Lode Memorial Y. Tallec, *Phénix* 2020-21

8/1r1p4/3P1K2/N3R3/Rppk1p1n/PppBN3/4P3/b1Q4q

#2 (10+11) C+

1... ♜d1 a) 2. ♜d5‡ A 1...bxa3 b) 2. ♜xc4‡ B

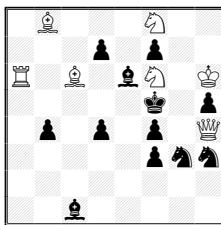
1. ♜exc4? [2. ♜xb3‡]

1... ♜d1 a) 2. ♜xf4‡ C 1...bxa3 b) 2. ♜b6‡ D ma 1...c2!

1. ♜xc4! [2. ♜xb3‡]

1... ♜d1 a) 2. ♜xd1‡ E 1...bxa3 b) 2. ♜b5‡ F

1...c2 2. ♜d2‡ 1...fxe3 2. ♜xe3‡ Zagorouïko



← **Marco Guida** - 2^a M. O. Memorial Y. Tallec, *Phénix* 2020-21
1B3N2/3p1p2/R1B1bN1K/5k1p/1p1p1p1Q/5pnn/8/2b5

$\neq 2$ (7+12) C+

1. \mathbb{Q} x d7? [2. \mathbb{Q} a5† A]

1... \mathbb{Q} x d7 a 2. \mathbb{Q} x h3‡ B 1... \mathbb{Q} g5 2. \mathbb{Q} x g5† ma 1... \mathbb{Q} e4!

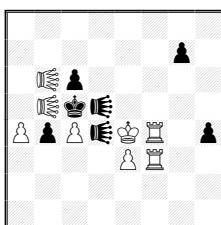
1. \mathbb{Q} 6xd7? [2. \mathbb{Q} x h3‡ B]

1... \mathbb{Q} x d7 a 2. \mathbb{Q} a5† A ma 1... \mathbb{Q} d5!

1. \mathbb{Q} 8xd7? [2. \mathbb{Q} x h3‡]

1... \mathbb{Q} x d7 2. \mathbb{Q} xd7‡ 1... \mathbb{Q} g1, \mathbb{Q} f2, \mathbb{Q} g5 2. \mathbb{Q} (x)g5‡

Temi Le Grand, Erokhin e matti cambiati. Le chiavi sono tutte simpaticamente nella stessa casa d7.



← **Mario Parrinello** - 3^a M. O. *StrateGems* 2016, Fairies-B

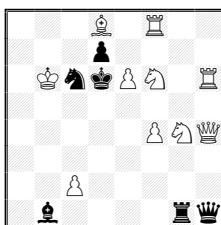
hs≠3 (8+7) C+

$\mathbb{Q} \mathbb{Q}$ =Sirens

1. S Ixc6-d7 S Ixc4-b3 2. \mathbb{Q} g3 hxg3 3. S IDb5+ S IDb5‡

1. S Ixc6-d6 S Ixe3-f2 2. \mathbb{Q} f6 gxf6 3. S IDb6+ S Ifd4‡

Wonderful double switchback of Sirens on both sides done in an exemplary manner. (Judge: Tadashi Wakashima)



← **Marco Guida**

3^o Premio Memorial C. Mansfield-125, *Kudesnik* 2018-20

3B1R2/3p4/1KnkPN1R/8/5PNQ/8/2P5/1b4rq

$\neq 2$ (10+6) C+

1. \mathbb{Q} e3? [2. \mathbb{Q} e8‡]

1... \mathbb{Q} xe6 a 2. \mathbb{Q} fg4‡ A 1... dx e6 b 2. \mathbb{Q} c4‡ B ma 1... \mathbb{Q} g6!

1.c4? [2. \mathbb{Q} e8‡]

1... \mathbb{Q} xe6 a 2. \mathbb{Q} e4‡ C 1... dx e6 b 2. c5‡ D ma 1... \mathbb{Q} g6!

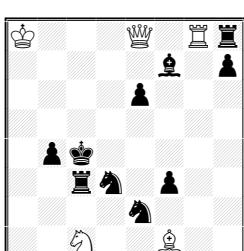
1. \mathbb{Q} g5! [2. \mathbb{Q} e8‡]

1... \mathbb{Q} xe6 a 2. \mathbb{Q} h5‡ E 1... dx e6 b 2. \mathbb{Q} c5‡ F

1... \mathbb{Q} h5 2. \mathbb{Q} e4‡ 1... \mathbb{Q} xh6 2. \mathbb{Q} d5‡ 1... \mathbb{Q} e5 2. \mathbb{Q} xe5‡

Zagorouiko

Ricostruzione



← **Gino Mentasti** - *Best Problems* 1998

Ricostruzione 88 - BP99

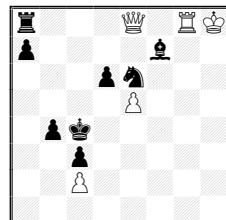
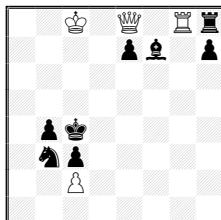
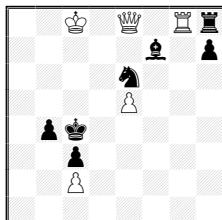
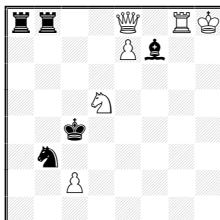
K3Q1Rr/5b1p/4p3/8/1pk5/2rn1p2/4n3/2N2B2

H≠2 (5+10) C+

1. \mathbb{Q} d4 \mathbb{Q} g4 2. \mathbb{Q} g8 \mathbb{Q} c6‡

1. \mathbb{Q} c5 \mathbb{Q} c6 2. \mathbb{Q} e8 \mathbb{Q} g4‡

Matti su doppia inchiodatura e inversione delle mosse bianche.

Béla Majoros**Predrag Zuvic,
Miguel Uris (♔a8)****J.A. Coello Alonso,
I. Zurutuza (♔a8)****Hans Nieuwhart**

Nella posizione di Béla si poteva risparmiare un Torre nera usando un Pedone, come si può vedere dalle altre posizioni proposte. Predrag e Miguel hanno posizioni uguali salvo l'influenza del posto assegnato al ♔ bianco. Lo stesso si può dire per José Antonio e Imanol, uguali fra loro. Hans ha usato un pedone di troppo, ♘e5 o ♘e7 da soli erano sufficienti, come è dimostrato dalle precedenti posizioni. Per ultimo, ho ricevuto la proposta di **Valeriu Giurgean**, con posizione: K3Q1Rr/5b1p/4p3/8/1pk5/Rn6/8/8. Valeriu usa una ♕a3 al posto di due pedoni, ♘c2, ♜c3. È opinabile se vale la pena usare un pezzo pesante al posto di due pedoni. In genere si preferiscono i due pedoni.

Ma al di là di questi minimi particolari, nessuno ha creato i matti su doppia inchiodatura. Questo cosa dimostra? Dimostra che la doppia inchiodatura non poteva essere dimostrata dando solo la soluzione, come se essa non fosse necessaria. Purtuttavia l'Autore ha voluto creare questo effetto artistico, come era suo diritto. Semmai l'errore è mio, per aver scelto questo problema per la gara.

Ricostruzione n. 89 - Ricostruire un problema #2 con la seguente soluzione:

1. ♕c5? [2. ♖d~‡] ma 1... exd5! 1. ♖dx6? [2. ♕c5‡] ma 1... ♖xe7!
1. ♖c7? [2. ♕c5‡] ma 1... ♖b8+! 1. ♖c3? [2. ♕e1, ♖xd4‡] ma 1... ♖f5!
1. ♖e3? [2. ♕c5‡] ma 1... ♖c3! 1. ♖b6? [2. ♕c5‡] ma 1... ♖c3!
1. ♖xf4! [2. ♖g6‡] 1... ♖xf4 2. ♖h2‡ 1... ♖xe7 2. ♖xf6‡ 1... gxsf4 2. ♕c5‡ 1... ♖b8+ 2. ♖xb8‡

Inviare (send to): perseus@bestproblems.it

(last available day for to send: 10/12/2021)

A. Garofalo

Contents

Inediti (Originals)	p. 440
Note agli inediti (Fairy elements)	p. 444
Soluzioni BP100 (Solutions BP100)	p. 445
Francesco Simoni-60 JT Award by F. Simoni	p. 451
Segnalazioni / Reports	p. 457
Affermazioni italiane (Italian award winners)	p. 458
Ricostruzione n.88/89 by Antonio Garofalo	p. 461
In allegato:	
Celebrating centenary issue of Best Problems by Awani Kumar	

E infine, in allegato al fascicolo, un omaggio di Awani Kumar per il n.100 della rivista.

Celebrating centenary issue of Best Problems

by Awani Kumar, Lucknow, India

Best Problems has come out with its centenary issue and let's celebrate and commemorate this glorious achievement with 'Figured tours' of knight on 10x10 (=100) cell board. Readers are aware of the 'knight tour' puzzle – view *Best Problems* No. 99. Figure 1 has the numbers in arithmetic progression (AP) with common difference (CD) 10 along the long diagonal. Figure 2 and Figure 3 have these numbers in rectangular formation. Figure 4 has these numbers in a triangular formation within a triangle. Figure 5 and Figure 6 have the numbers in AP with CD 11 along the rows. Consecutive square numbers $1^2, 2^2, 3^2 \dots 10^2$, that is, 1, 4, 9... 100 are more amenable for figured tours. Figure 7 to Figure 9 have the consecutive square numbers along the various rows.

3	24	5	72	75	98	47	96	77	100
6	27	2	25	48	73	76	99	90	95
1	4	23	74	71	46	97	80	69	78
28	7	26	45	62	49	70	89	94	91
43	22	41	52	39	60	81	92	79	68
8	29	44	61	50	63	88	67	82	93
21	42	51	40	53	38	59	64	87	66
12	9	30	19	16	35	54	85	56	83
31	20	11	14	33	18	37	58	65	86
10	13	32	17	36	15	34	55	84	57

3	8	5	98	1	92	67	76	63	94
6	11	2	91	78	99	96	93	66	75
9	4	7	100	97	68	77	64	95	62
12	19	10	79	90	71	54	87	74	65
23	38	29	20	69	80	89	72	61	86
18	13	22	39	30	53	70	55	88	73
37	24	31	28	21	40	81	60	85	56
14	17	34	41	52	59	50	83	48	45
25	36	15	32	27	82	43	46	57	84
16	33	26	35	42	51	58	49	44	47

8	5	2	13	22	31	36	33	24	27
3	12	7	52	1	14	23	26	37	34
6	9	4	15	30	21	32	35	28	25
11	16	53	20	51	40	29	68	61	38
54	19	10	95	98	69	50	39	76	67
85	94	17	100	49	96	41	80	71	62
18	55	86	97	90	99	70	75	66	77
93	84	91	48	87	80	59	42	63	72
56	47	82	89	58	45	74	65	78	43
83	92	57	46	81	88	79	44	73	64

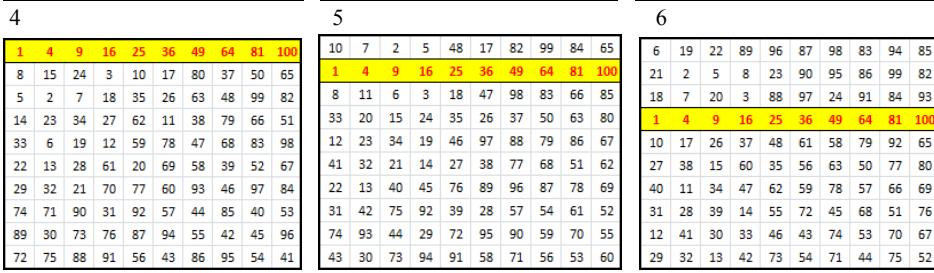
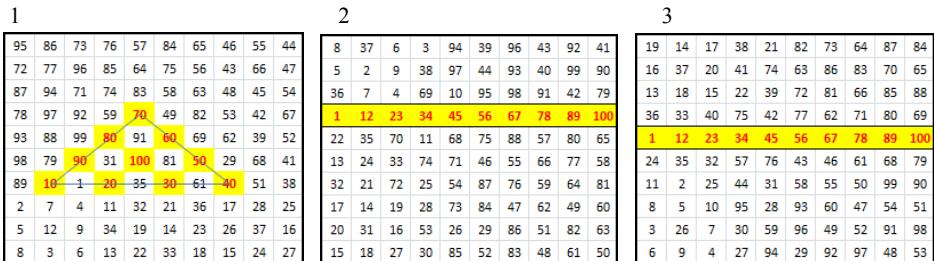


Figure 10 has the move segments alternately below and above the consecutive square number row up to 64. There can't be a knight tour with consecutive square numbers along the third row. Figure 11 to Figure 13 have the consecutive square numbers in knight path in oblong formations. Figure 14 and Figure 15 have consecutive square numbers in knight path in zigzag formation and they are in a tree shape in Figure 16. Figure 17 has the consecutive square numbers in knight path but in a compact formation. Figure 18 to Figure 21 have square numbers delineating mathematical symbols, namely addition, multiplication, division and square root respectively. Figure 22 to Figure 25 are monogram tours delineating letters 'E', 'S', 'T' and 'L'.

